Cancer In Canada 2016

These 4 cancers combined are expected to account for half (50%) of all cancer diagnosis in 2016:

- Breast Cancer
- Lung Cancer
- Prostate Cancer
- Colorectal Cancer

Percent Distribution Of Estimated New Cancer Cases By Sex:

**MALES**
- Prostate: 21.0%
- Colonrectal: 14.1%
- Lung & Bronchitis: 14.0%
- Bladder: 9.4%
- Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma: 8.3%
- Kidney & Renal Pelvis: 7.6%
- Melanoma: 3.6%
- Leukemia: 3.4%
- Oral: 3.1%
- Pancreas: 2.5%
- Stomach: 2.1%
- Esophagus: 1.7%
- Liver: 1.7%
- Brain/CNS: 1.7%
- Multiple Melanoma: 1.5%
- Thyroid: 1.5%
- Testis: 1.1%
- Larynx: 0.9%
- Hodgkin Lymphoma: 0.6%
- Breast: 0.5%
- All Other Cancers: 10.7%

**FEMALES**
- Breast: 25.6%
- Lung & Bronchitis: 14.1%
- Colonrectal: 11.7%
- Body of Uterus & Uterus NOS: 8.6%
- Thyroid: 5.3%
- Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma: 3.6%
- Melanoma: 3.1%
- Ovary: 2.8%
- Pancreas: 2.6%
- Leukemia: 2.4%
- Kidney & Renal Pelvis: 2.3%
- Bladder: 2.1%
- Cervix: 1.5%
- Oral: 1.5%
- Stomach: 1.3%
- Brain/CNS: 1.3%
- Multiple Myeloma: 1.2%
- Liver: 0.8%
- Esophagus: 0.5%
- Hodgkin Lymphoma: 0.5%
- Larynx: 0.2%
- All Other Cancers: 6.0%

Estimated Incidence Rate By Age In 2016:
- 70 & Over: 44%
- 60-69: 28%
- 50-59: 17%
- 20-49: 10%
- 0-19: 1%

Cancer is the 7th most expensive illness in Canada, accounting for $4.4 billion in economic costs

6 Ways To Reduce The Risk Of Developing Cancer:

- Avoid Smoking
- Follow A Healthy Lifestyle
- Reduce Alcohol Consumption
- Avoid Tanning Beds & Overexposure to Sunlight
- Vaccinations For Some Infections Associated with Cancer
- Reduce Exposure to Carcinogens